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1	IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF T IN AND FOR THE COU	HE STATE OF WASHING
2		SEP - 9 2004
3	IN THE MATTER OF THE DETERMINATION OF THE RIGHTS TO THE USE OF THE	YAKIMA COUNTY CLERK
4	SURFACE WATERS OF THE YAKIMA RIVER DRAINAGE BASIN, IN ACCORDANCE WITH)
5	THE PROVISIONS OF CHAPTER 90.03, REVISED CODE OF WASHINGTON) NO. 77-2-01484-5
6	THE STATE OF WASHINGTON,)) CONDITIONAL FINAL ORDER
7	DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY,) SUBBASIN NO. 18) (COWICHE CREEK)
8	Plaintiff,)
9	ν.	,))
10	JAMES J. ACQUAVELLA, et al.,	
11	Defendants.	/))
		/

I.

On March 20, 2002, Referee Douglas Clausing filed with the Court the <u>Report of Referee Re: Subbasin No. 18 (Cowiche Creek)</u>. Thereafter, this Court set November 14, 2002, for a hearing on exceptions to this report. The Court directed the Referee to serve a notice (together with a copy of the report) upon all parties setting a time period for filing any exceptions to the report and for the aforementioned hearing on exceptions.

II.

On November 14, 2002, the Court held a hearing on exceptions to the Report of Referee. The hearing was continued until January 9, 2003, continued again until February 13, 2003, and concluded on March 20, 2003. The Court, after reviewing the exceptions and other materials and being fully advised, filed its Memorandum Opinion and Order Re: Exceptions to Report of Referee

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<u>Subbasin 18 (Cowiche Creek)</u> on May 23, 2003. Those rulings pertained to the exceptions/requests for clarification filed by Reed Riley (Claim No. 01104), Lloyd Garretson Company (Claim Nos. 02080 and 01592), Andrew L. Mullenhoff and Cyndie Mullenhoff (Claim Nos. 00532-534), David M. Christenson (Claim Nos. 00262, 00567 and 00517), Cowychee Ditch Company (Claim No. 01505), William G. Evans and Jeannette Evans (Claim No. 1832A and 1833), Eugene and Kathy Stevenson (Claim Nos. 00212 and 00216), Vance Parker (Claim No. 01662), the Department of Fish and Wildlife (Claim No. 02109) and the Department of Ecology (Ecology).

III.

In the notice of hearing accompanying the Proposed Conditional Final Order, the Court allowed parties to file objections to the Proposed Conditional Final Order. Ecology, Lloyd Garretson Company and David Christenson filed objections. Erving and Barbara LaBarr responded in opposition to Mr. Christenson's objection. The Court also received a late-filed objection to entry of the Proposed Conditional Final Order from Walter E. Culbertson. The Court held a hearing August 14, 2003 that was continued to October 9, 2003 (Christenson/LaBarr hearing) and then to February 12, 2004 (Lloyd Garretson Co. and Walter Culbertson) to consider these objections and rules as follows.

a. Department of Ecology

Ecology's objections are granted. Page 13, line 8.5 shall show the claim numbers to be 0262 and 0517. Page 19, line 11.5 shall be amended to show the claim number as 01162. Page 26, line 19 shall be amended to show the claim number as 010403.

b. Lloyd Garretson Company (Claim Nos. 01592/0280)

The Court delayed entry of this Conditional Final Order to allow the Lloyd Garretson Company (Company) an opportunity to change the purpose of use and season of use of the pertinent water

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right. The Company presented to the Court on February 12, 2004 the decision of the Yakima County Conservancy Board approving the request to add warehouse cooling as a purpose of use and Ecology's order modifying the approval. Ecology's modification was not appealed. At the hearing, Garretson also asked that the place of use be modified to include the parcel numbers for the land. The place of use that has been used references an abandoned railroad right-of-way that is no longer visible and county roads that have been moved, making interpretation of the legal description difficult. The Court agrees that adding the parcel number would be helpful in properly identifying the place of water use. Those parcel numbers are 181309-42004 and 181309-42021.

The Court modifies the recommended right on page 248 of the Report of Referee for Subbasin No. 18 (Cowiche Creek) as follows:

The purpose of use is changed to warehouse cooling water and irrigation of 10 acres and frost protection; the season of use is changed to April 1 to October 15 for irrigation and frost protection; and September 15 through May 15 for warehouse cooling; the quantity of water is changed to 0.06 cubic foot per second, 14.2 acre-feet per year for warehouse cooling; 0.24 cubic foot per second, 47.32 acre-feet per year for irrigation and frost protection. The place of use is modified to add: being parcel numbers 181309-42004, 181309-42010 and 181309-42021.

Ecology's modification of the Conservancy Board ruling resulted in provisions the agency wished to have included with the water right. The Court agrees and adds the following Limitations on Use are also added:

- The annual consumptive quantity for the irrigation of 2 acres and warehouse cooling is 11.13 acre-feet, not to be exceeded.
 A metering plan shall be provided to Ecology that documents
 - the location, type and size of meters to be installed to meet

Conditional Final Order Subbasin No. 18 (Cowiche)- 3

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the total and consumptive limits for the purposes identified herein by December 1, 2004. Meter installation and any plumbing modifications shall be completed by December 1, 2005. Water shall be put to beneficial use consistent with these terms and conditions by December 1, 2006.

- 3. An approved measuring device shall be installed and maintained for each diversion of the source identified by this water right in accordance with the rule "Requirements for Measuring and Reporting Water Use, Chapter 173-173 WAC.
- 4. Water use data shall be recorded bi-weekly. The maximum rate of diversion and the annual total volume shall be submitted to Ecology by January 31st of the following year.
- 5. The following information shall be included with each submittal of water use data: owner, contact name if different, mailing address, daytime phone number, certificate/claim no., and source name. In the future, Ecology may require additional parameters to be reported or more frequent reporting. Ecology prefers web based data entry, but does accept hard copies. Ecology will provide forms and electronic data entry information.
 - 6. Chapter 173-173 WAC describes the requirements for data accuracy, device installation and operation, and information reporting. It also allows a water user to petition Ecology for modifications to some of the requirements.

Ecology personnel, upon presentation of proper credentials, shall have access at reasonable times, to water use records kept to meet the above conditions, and to inspect at reasonable times any measuring device used to meet the above conditions.

c. David M. Christenson (Claim Nos. 00262, 00567 and 00517

David Christenson filed four objections to the Court's May 23, 2003 Memorandum Opinion. The LaBarrs contested two of the

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exceptions, to be discussed below. As to the uncontested exceptions, the Court grants Mr. Christenson's request to change the priority date set forth on page 11 to June 30, 1874. The other uncontested exception requires no action here as it reserves Mr. Christenson's right to appeal the Court's ruling on the effect of an RCW 90.14 claim on Section 27 lands.

Mr. Christenson objects to the instantaneous quantity confirmed by the Court of 0.67 cfs, consistent with the RCW 90.14 claim. Mr. Christensen claimed the use of .78 cfs from the North Fork of Cowiche Creek, consistent with historical use of the water and argues that the difference between 0.67 cfs and 0.78 is very little and such a use substantially complies with the RCW 90.14The LaBarrs assert that use of the extra water may result claim. in the streamflow being inadequate to serve their right. However, the Court finds that Mr. Christenson and predecessors utilized the 0.78 cfs quantity and that WRC No. 001325 substantially complies with the requirements of RCW 90.14. The instantaneous quantity set forth at page 11, line 14 of the May 23, 2003 Memorandum Opinion shall be amended to 0.78 cfs. The Court notes the evidence put in by Mr. Christenson indicates that when he operates more than one pump he greatly exceeds this quantity. The Court herein orders Mr. Christenson to divert only the quantity of water authorized by this Court up to a maximum of 0.78 cfs.

Mr. Christenson's final objection concerned the number of acres and quantities of water recommended by the Court for unnamed springs. The Court addressed this in its Memorandum Opinion and questioned whether the land could have been irrigated by gravity flow prior to the advent of pumps. A right was confirmed to use springs located in the SE¼NE¼ of Section 28 to irrigate 16 acres in a portion of the NE¼ of Section 28. He asks the Court to increase the number of acres from 70.4 acres and the annual

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quantity to 120 acre-feet per year. Mr. Christenson testified that historically springs located northwest of the Christenson property in the SW1/4SW1/4 of Section 21, on what was referred to as the Forney property, were diverted into Taylor ditch and that ditch ran along Livengood Road (on the north side of the Christenson property). The landowners dammed up the flow, which then flooded the property. The Court allowed this testimony over the hearsay objections of the LaBarrs¹ and that testimony was corroborated by Harold Amos, a long-time resident of the area.

Mr. Amos has lived on the property adjacent to the land now owned by Christenson for 80 years, land which his father owned and farmed prior to Mr. Amos' birth. Benton Carey, Mr. Christenson's predecessor (and the individual who filed the RCW 90.14 claims to be discussed below), was Mr. Amos's brother-in-law, marrying his sister in 1932. Mr. Amos worked on the Carey property between 1932 and 1943 when he departed the area for military service. Mr. Amos returned to the area after the service and managed the family orchard, worked for the sheriff's office, served as a postmaster in Cowiche and then obtained his real estate license in 1972. The Court finds Mr. Amos's testimony credible. His testimony establishes that water from the springs on the Forney property, along with those on the Christenson land further down slope and toward the southeast, ran into Taylor Ditch and were beneficially used in the NE1/4 of Section 28 prior to 1932. However, a review of SE - 9T, an aerial photograph of the area from June 31, 1939 shows that no more then 50 acres were irrigated then in the portion of the NE1/4 of Section 28 owned now owned by Christenson.

Mr. Christenson indicated that he installed the pipeline on his property in about 1975 and that prior to that someone else

¹ The Court would note this information was, essentially, already in the record. See November 17, 1998 transcript at pages 67-72.

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installed a pipeline to the point where the springs are diverted to his property. The testimony shows the springs historically used are in the SW1/4SW1/4 of Section 21 or even further to the west. That would place the point of diversion some three-quarters to one mile from the point of diversion claimed on WRC 001325 and at least half a mile from the SW corner of the NW1/4NE1/4 of Section 28, the specific point of diversion set forth in WRC 001326.

Not clear to the Court at this time is how, or even if, the springs in Section 21 are diverted into the piping system and how that diversion correlates with the RCW 90.14 claim. The Court has reviewed the evidence and finds nothing that indicates how the spring water would infiltrate a piped system. Mr. Amos testified to use of a concrete box and an open ditch system, which could readily accumulate spring water, but the Court is unable to conclude the spring water enters the modern, piped system. Further, the possible points of diversion are considerably distant from the points set forth in the RCW 90.14. This Court cannot confirm a right because of the lack of evidence of how the springs have continued to be diverted. Additionally, the Court cannot find WRC No. 001326 substantially complies with the requirements of RCW 90.14 for a spring(s) located close to a mile from those identified in the claim. The exception to increase the quantity and acreage irrigated from springs is hereby DENIED. See the Court's Memorandum Opinion Re: RCW 90.14 and Substantial Compliance, entered on February 10, 1995.

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d. <u>Wayne Culbertson, Court Claim No. 08983</u>

Mr. Culbertson appeared at the February 17, 2004 hearing and offered testimony. SE-117, an aerial photograph of the area where Mr. Culbertson's land is located, was admitted. Mr. Culbertson's objection was to modifications the Court made to the water right recommended for confirmation on page 295 of the Report of Referee for Subbasin No. 18. The Court had denied Ecology's exception that the water right had relinquished due to several years of nonuse. Ecology also asked that if the Court denied the relinquishment exception, the point of diversion and place of use should be modified. Ecology asked that the place of use be reduced to the SMSEMSEM and NWMASEMSEM of Section 14, T. 13 N., R. 15 E.W.M. and the point of diversion be described as 10 feet north and 800 feet west of the southeast corner of Section 14. Mr. Culbertson did not respond to Ecology's exceptions or appear at the exception hearing. The Court so modified the place of use and point of diversion. Mr. Culbertson indicates the Court erred.

Mr. Culbertson's objections are as follows. He identified two proposed points of diversion, one approximately 1400 feet west and a short distance south of the southeast corner of Section 14, which is where a historical diversion into a gravity flow ditch has been located, and the second 800 feet west of the southeast corner of Section 14, where a pump is used to take water from the creek. Mr. Culbertson states that normal flood events have moved the creek channel, resulting in the gravity flow diversion changing over the years. The flood events can result in debris blocking the diversion to the gravity flow ditch such that it cannot be used. During those times the pump location is used.

He asks the Court to approve two points of diversion, one at the gravity flow ditch and the second at the pump location. Certificate No. 279 from the prior Cowiche Creek adjudication, authorizes use of a diversion in the SW4SE4 of Section 14, which the Court concludes was the location of the diversion into the ditch used at the time the certificate issued. Mr. Culbertson in his objection described the diversion to the gravity flow ditch as being 1400 feet west of the southeast corner of Section 14, which is the distance identified by the Referee after reviewing SE-6,

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the map from the earlier adjudication. However, on SE-117, Mr. Culbertson wrote that the diversion is 1100 feet west of the southeast corner. A diversion at that location would not be in the area described in Certificate No. 279. Additionally, upon review of SE-117, the Court believes a ditch with a diversion 1100 feet west of the southeast corner could not have served much of the irrigated land via gravity flow.

Although the diversion is now located in the NW4NE4 of Section 23, it is very near the section line and according to Mr. Culbertson's testimony the creek channel naturally changes course. The Court concludes that the diversion authorized for use by the certificate is currently located in the NW4NE4 of Section 23, and that this minor change does not require compliance with RCW 90.03.380 to change the authorized point of diversion location. The second diversion location in the SE4SE4 of Section 14 is not authorized by the certificate and the Court concludes it was added after the certificate issued. Therefore, in order for this diversion to be an authorized point of diversion on the water right, Mr. Culbertson needs to comply with the procedures in RCW 90.03.380 to add the point of diversion. He should contact Ecology's Central Regional Office concerning that procedure.

Mr. Culbertson also objected to the place of water use proposed by Ecology, that being the SHSEHASEH and NWHASEHASEH of Section 14. His objection states that lands in the SEHASWHASEH of Section 14 have historically been irrigated and are within the place of use on the certificate. Mr. Culbertson identified on SE-117 the location of the lands that have been irrigated and continue to be irrigated. The Court's review of that exhibit leads to a conclusion that the irrigated lands lie in the SWHASEHASEH and SEHASWHASEH of Section 14.

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The Court MODIFIES the water right recommended for confirmation on Page 294 of the Report of Referee for Subbasin No. 18, at lines 14½ through 24 as follows: The point of diversion is located 20 feet south and 1400 feet west of the northeast corner of Section 23, being within the NW4NE4 of Section 23, T. 13 N., R. 15 E.W.M. The place of use is modified to the SW4SE4SE4 and SE4SW4SE4 of Section 14, T. 13 N., R. 15 E.W.M.

IV.

After reviewing the decisions set forth in Section III, comments were received from Erving and Barbara LaBarr (Claim No. 01024) in regard to their claim and from the Department of Ecology in regard to the claim of the Lloyd Garretson Co. (Claim Nos. 01592, 02080). The Court GRANTS those objections and makes the following rulings. The priority date for the Labarrs in regard to the spring for which a right has already been confirmed shall be changed to September 22, 1891, consistent with land patent documents issued to Allen Lewis, a predecessor to the LaBarrs. The changes regarding the Lloyd Garretson Co. right are incorporated on page 3 above regarding number of acres (10), acrefeet per year (47.32) and adding parcel number 181309-42010 to the place of use.

V.

The Court ORDERS as follows:

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1. The <u>Report of Referee for Subbasin No. 18 (Cowiche Creek)</u>, filed with the Court on March 20, 2002, as amended by the <u>Memorandum Opinion and Order Re: Exceptions to Report of Referee</u> for Subbasin 18 (Cowiche Creek) filed by the Court on May 23, 2003, as amended by rulings herein are entered as a Conditional Final Order confirming the rights recommended for confirmation in said reports as existing rights.

Conditional Final Order Subbasin No. 18 (Cowiche)- 10 2. All claims to water rights before the Referee pertaining to Subbasin No. 18 not so confirmed are denied.

3. The rights within Subbasin No. 18 (Cowiche Creek) shall be administered according to this Conditional Final Order.

4. This Conditional Final Order, relating to the confirmation of rights and denial of claims of water rights, constitutes a final order for purposes of appeal (see RAP 2.2(d)), except for purposes of final integration of all confirmed rights as provided in Section XII of Pretrial Order No. 8 (Procedures for Claim Evaluation, dated March 3, 1989) of this Court.

DATED this _____ day of 2004.

SIDNE COMMISSIONER **OT**TEM

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